

Wray Primary School Science policy

Intent

- We want to create a learning environment where children enjoy learning science and feel that they are scientists
- We will provide a full and enriched science curriculum linked to the national curriculum and beyond.
- Children will see science as an important part of life and something that is ongoing and relevant to the world around them.

<u>Implementation</u>

- We will follow the National Curriculum and use as a basis for all our planning and learning.
- Science is taught weekly for years 1-6 and throughout the EYFS.
- Pupils will learn through a variety of methods and complete relevant enquiries to develop their knowledge, understanding and skills.
- Science enrichment activities are planned throughout the year and will include visits, visitors and participation in the STEM week each Spring.
- Reading of science texts and linked stories/books is encouraged.
- Cross-curricular links are made where possible.
- Children will be encouraged to see themselves as scientists and learn about new developments in science and about different types of scientists.
- Ongoing assessment will be used to ensure children understand what they have been taught and ensure prior learning is built upon.

Long term plan **SCIENCE**

KS1 and 2 follow 2 year rolling programmes

EYFS to follow their curriculum over the year through activities/CP linked to their themes/topics.

Science Elements of EYFS curriculum: Understanding the World – Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them.

- Explore the natural world around them.
- Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside.
- Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.

plants. • Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. • Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter Planning activities and ideas for EYFS: https://pstt.org.uk/resources/curriculummaterials/eyfs-science Autumn 2 Summer 2 Autumn 1 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 *1 lesson to *1 lesson to Science week in *1 lesson to setup/review all setup/review all setup/review all year Spring 2) year learning as year learning as learning as stated stated below) stated below) below) Y1 Plants KS1 Y1 and Y2 Y1 Animals, Y1 and Y2 Υ1 Y1 and Y2 Y1 Seasonal Materials including Materials Animals, Materials Y1/2 (teach statements humans* including Change in order so Y1 then (link to whole (link to whole school (parts of the humans (review, **A (2022-**Y2 in each cycle) school themes) themes) human body) (animals) analyse and 23) (link to whole extend school themes) * This is one unit learning split into from the humans/other animals focus year) Throughout the year (year A) to be taught outside (Y1 and EYFS): Y1 Plants (visiting same plants throughout the year), Y1 Animals, including humans (identifying and naming, describing and comparing animals throughout the year), Y1 Seasonal Change (gathering data about the weather, seeing how the change in seasons affects living things) Y2 Plants Y1 and Y2 Y2 Animals, Y1 and Y2 Y2 Animals, Y2 Living (planning for Materials Materials including humans things and including B (2023-growing humans (basic (offspring) their (link to whole link to whole school needs and 24) seeds habitats school themes) themes) Y2 Plants outside) keeping include healthy) (harvesting additional and cooking) statement from include Y1 Plants additional *Identify and describe the statement basic structure of from Y1 a variety of Plants common flowering plants, including trees this is to ensure prior knowledge for children who are doing Plants topic for the time) Y2 Living things and their habitats These two units are here for setting up the throughout the year learning and then to be reviewed in summer term.

ELGs - • Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and

	Throughout the year (year B) to be taught outside (Y1 and EYFS): Y2 Living things and their habitats, Y2 Plants (growing seeds and bulbs outside), Y1 Seasonal Change (gathering data about the weather, seeing how the change in seasons affects living things)					
	Y4 Electricity	Y4 States of		Y4 Sound	Y4 Animals (include the Y3 statement/objective that animals and humans get nutrients from the food they eat) (digestive system)	Y4 Living things and their habitats
	Throughout the year: Y4 Living things and their habitats (naming and identifying living things in the local environment)					
В (2023-	Y3 Animals, including humans		Y3 Forces and magnets cover over 2 half terms	Y3 Forces and magnets	Y3 Plants (parts and their functions and investigating growth)	Y3 Light Y3 Plants (life cycles)
	Throughout the year: Y3 Plants (gathering evidence of life cycles)					
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2 (Science week in Spring 2)	Summer 1	Summer 2
KS2	including humans	Y5 Properties and changes of materials (properties of	Y5 Forces	Y5 Living things and their habitats (do some life cycles of animals as introduction to	Y6 Light (inc how we see)	Y5 Earth and Space
A (2022- 23)	(circulatory system)	materials)	(** Y5/6 should do Puberty/SRE as part of PSHE this half term.)	the main topic		
B (2023- 24)	Y5 Living things and their habitats (do different animals to Cycle A and large focus on plant life cycles)		Y6 Living things and their habitats (** Y5/6 should do Puberty/SRE as part of PSHE this half term.)	Y6 Evolution and Inheritance	Y5 Properties and changes of materials (changes of materials) (*Know the some materials dissolve * Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated *Demonstrate reversible changes. *Explain that some changes result in new materials not usually reversible)	

<u>Impact</u>

- Children will have scientific knowledge and skills that are built upon over their years in our school.
- The children will have knowledge that they are able to recall and apply to new learning.
- Children will have knowledge of how we learn science (types of enquiry) and know how to think and work scientifically.
- Children will leave our school knowing the value of science, that ideas change and are developed, and that there are a wide range of future opportunities working in or studying science.